Psychology: Curriculum Mapping

Paper 1: Social Influence, Memory, Attachment and Psychopathology

Paper 2: Approaches, Biopsychology and Research Methods.

Paper 3: Issues and debates, Gender, Stress and Addiction.

Final Exams

Revision

Issues and Debates: A study of the major issues and debates in psychology in relation to the units studied.

Addiction: Describing addiction and the risk factors involved in developing addiction..

Summer Term

Approaches: Comparison of the approaches.

Approaches: The psychodynamic approach and humanistic

Issues and Debates: The issue of gender in Psychology.

Gender: How we develop gender identity. Incorporates both biological and social explanations.

Spring Term

Research Methods: Scientific processes, data handling and analysis and Inferential testing.

Issues and Debates: The nature-nurture debate in psychology.

Stress: The physiology of stress

Research Methods: An introduction to statistical testing.

Year 13 Autumn Term

Biopsychology: A detailed look at the brain; localisation of function and hemispheric lateralisation, recovery of the brain and ways we can study the brain. Biological rhythms: the types and the regulators of the rhythms.

Attachment: How do attachments form and what are the different types? Explanations for attachment and the consequences of disrupting

Issues and Debates: The issue of culture in Psychology.

Psychopathology: What are the clinical characteristics for depression, phobic disorders and OCD? How can we explain psychological disorders and what are the treatments?

Summer Term

How do I revise in Psychology?

Memory: Models of memory. Why do we forget information? How does anxiety effect memory? How can the police benefit from research into eyewitness

An introduction to **essay writing** in Psychology

Research Methods: Foundations- Scientific processes in research and data handling and analysis.

Spring Term

Biopsychology: A detailed look at the divisions of the nervous system and synaptic transmission.

Approaches: How does the biological approach explain behaviour?

Approaches: where did psychology originate from? How does the cognitive approach explain behaviour?

Approaches: How do the learning approaches

Social Influence: Why do people comply or obey? Are certain personalities more or less likely to obey? How does the minority influence the majority?

Year 12 Autumn Term